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Proposed Maximum Residue Limit PMRL2012-11

Tebufenpyrad

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Under the authority of the *Pest Control Products Act*, Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) is proposing to establish a maximum residue limit (MRL) for tebufenpyrad on grapes to permit the import and sale of foods containing such residues.

Tebufenpyrad is an insecticide not currently registered for use in Canada.

The PMRA has determined the quantity of residues that are likely to remain in or on imported food commodities when tebufenpyrad is used according to label directions in the exporting country. The Agency has also determined that such residues will not be a concern to human health and is proposing to legally establish a corresponding import MRL. An MRL applies to the identified raw agricultural food commodity as well as to any processed food product that contains it, except where separate MRLs are specified for the raw agricultural commodity and a processed product made from it.

Details regarding the proposed import MRL can be found in the corresponding Evaluation Report available in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website, under Public Registry, Pesticide Product Information Database.[1]

Consultation on the proposed MRL for tebufenpyrad is being conducted via this document (see Next Steps, the last section of this document).

To comply with Canada's international trade obligations, consultation on the proposed MRL is also being conducted internationally by notifying the World Trade Organization, as coordinated by the Standards Council of Canada.

The proposed MRL for tebufenpyrad in Canada in or on food is as follows.

Table 1 Proposed Maximum Residue Limit for Tebufenpyrad

Common Name	Residue Definition	MRL (ppm)	Food Commodity
Tebufenpyrad	4-chloro-*N*-[[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-ethyl-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-5-carboxamide	0.5	Grapes

ppm = parts per million

A complete list of all pesticide MRLs established in Canada can be found on the Maximum Residue Limits for Pesticides webpage in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

[1] The relevant report can be accessed by selecting Applications/New/Historical and requesting the Evaluation Report found under Application Number 2008-3421.

International Situation and Trade Implications

The MRL proposed for tebufenpyrad in Canada does not have a corresponding American tolerance or Codex MRL[2]. Tolerances have not been established in the United States for tebufenpyrad in or on any commodity (tolerances are listed in the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 180, by pesticide). Currently, there are no Codex MRLs listed for tebufenpyrad in or on any commodity on the Codex Alimentarius Pesticide Residues in Food webpage.

Next Steps

The PMRA invites the public to submit written comments on the proposed MRL for tebufenpyrad up to 75 days from the date of publication of this document. Please forward your comments to Publications (see the contact information on the cover page of this document). The PMRA will consider all comments received before making a final decision on the proposed MRL for tebufenpyrad and posting a corresponding Established Maximum Residue Limit document in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

[2] The Codex Alimentarius Commission is an international organization under the auspices of the United Nations that develops international food standards, including MRLs.